	U	1	Document ID	Title	Current OR	Current XRef
1	☐	☐	US 20040061497 A1	Method of using G-matrix Fourier transformation nuclear magnetic resonance (GFT NMR) spectroscopy for rapid chemical shift assignment and secondary structure determination of proteins	324/307	
2	☐	☐	US 20040058864 A1	Peptidomimetic modulators of cell adhesion	514/12	530/324
3	☐	☐	US 20040038216 A1	Method for the structural determination of ligands bound to macromolecular targets by nuclear magnetic resonance	435/6	435/7.1; 436/518; 702/19
4	☐	☐	US 20040006011 A1	Peptidomimetic modulators of cell adhesion	514/9	
5	☐	☐	US 20030232389 A1	Urokinase peptide structure mimetics	435/7.1	514/12; 702/19
6	☐	☐	US 20030012733 A9	Method of using reduced dimensionality nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy for rapid chemical shift assignment and secondary structure determination of	424/9.3	
7	☐	☐	US 20020168761 A1	Peptidomimetic modulators of cell adhesion	435/325	514/12; 530/324
8	☐	☐	US 20020041850 A1	Method of using reduced dimensionality nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy for rapid chemical shift assignment and secondary structure determination of	424/9.3	
9	☐	☐	US 6613574 B2	Method to identify interface residue in biomolecular complex	436/86	436/173; 436/828
10	☐	☐	WO 2004011909 A	Conducting reduced dimensionality triple resonance nuclear magnetic resonance experiments by measuring chemical shift values for nuclei of protein molecules having two consecutive amino acids residues		
11	☐	☐	WO 2004007016 A	Conducting N, N-K dimensional G-matrix fourier transformation nuclear magnetic resonance experiment, useful for detecting structure of protein by applying radiofrequency pulses to sample, modulating detected signal		

	U	1	Document ID	Title	Current OR	Current XRef
12	☐	☐	US 20020041850 A	Conducting reduced dimensionality three- or two-dimensional nuclear magnetic resonance experiment comprises applying radiofrequency pulses to protein sample and processing nuclear magnetic resonance signals		